LEAN APPLICATION IN HEALTHCARE

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Sound Familiar?

We've made changes, but we are still getting the same results. It seems like we are off track and trying to solve a different issue than what we came in here to solve.

No one understands why this is such a problem, or how many headaches it causes us.

We don't have the right people in the room.



Workshop Agenda

- What is Lean?
- What is waste? Types?
- Briefly describe A3s, purpose, and format
- Review concepts of lean thinking
- Create an A3
 - Learn and Do format
 - Initiate real-world application

Lean Enterprise

- Littelfuse Definition
 - Lean is the relentless, continuous focus on eliminating waste in our processes and adding value for our customers
 - Lean represents the efficiency and effectiveness by which we turn customer interest into customer satisfaction



- Lean Enterprise
 Lean is our approach to continually improving everything we do to improve our customers' experience with us
- Now, there are many tools we can use to deploy Lean, but it's most important to remember the customer and constantly think "If a customer saw me doing this step, would they be willing to pay me?"

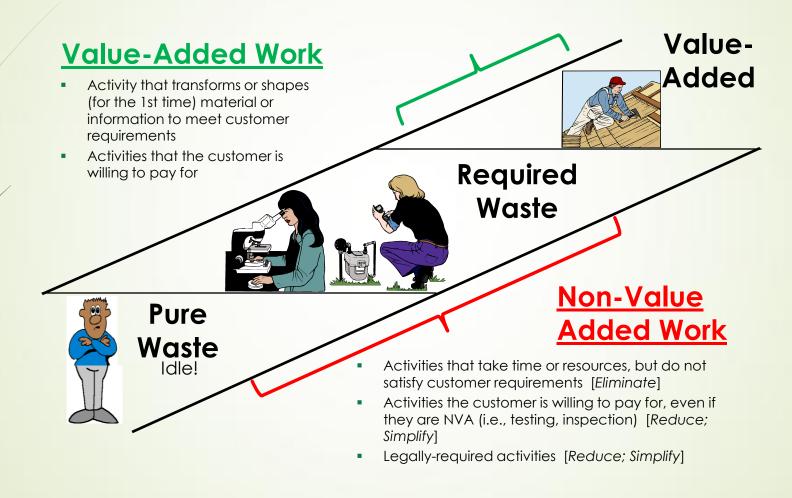
 Our customers can be both the final customers who use our products, or internal customers of processes we perform

Operating System

- Lean modules
 - 8 Wastes and 6'S
 - **■** A3
 - TPM
 - Standard Work
 - Value Stream Mapping

8 WASTE

Defining Value

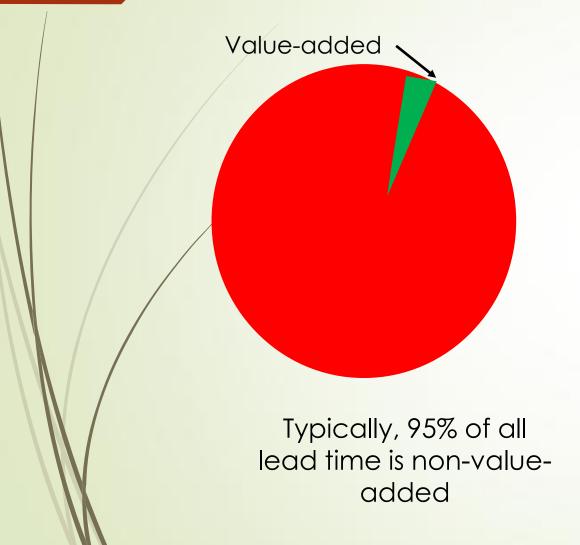


Anything that adds cost or

time without adding value as defined by the primary customer is WASTE.

Lean = eliminating 8 waste

Waste: DOWNTIME



- <u>D</u>efects
- Overproduction
- **■** <u>W</u>aiting
- Not Utilizing
 Employees'
 Knowledge, Skills, and
 Abilities
- **I**ransportation
- Inventory
- **M**otion
- **E**xcess Processing

DOWN

Defects

- Product defects / (BP app; etc)
- Rework (double checking of SL)
- Data entry error
- _ wrong patient

Overproduction

- Producing more than what is needed (clinic forms)
- Creating reports no one reads
- Unnecessary diagnostic procedures

Waiting

- Waiting for consultation
- Waiting for information
- Waiting for copy machine
- time spent looking for an item missing
- Waiting for approvals

Not Utilizing Employees, Knowledge, Skills and Abilities

- Ignoring associate improvement suggestions
- employees are not engaged, heard or supported.
- Bypass procedure due to favorite candidate

TIME

<u>Transportation</u>

- Moving material from one work station to another
- Poor layout
- Defects/ rework

Motion

- Lifting boxes of parts
- Reaching for tools
- Clearing away files on the desk
- Creating non-value added reports

<u>Inventory</u>

- Stocking extra supplies/ medicines
- E-mails waiting to be read
- letting supplies expire
- Supplies (discount)

Excess Processing

- Paperwork
- Creating reports
- Manual encoding
- extra data stamps put onto forms, but that data never being used.



What is 6S?

- Is fundamental to sustaining Lean Enterprise
- Is the "visual" workplace
- Is the starting point for improvement activities for:
 - Our company's survival
 - Growth
 - Personal development
- It is <u>NOT</u> the Setting of Policy

 Purpose – To create a safe working environment and reduce the non-valued added activities associated with the work area(s)

When to Use:

- To easily notice when things are out of place
- To improve the usage of space and equipment
- Shorten the time to locate necessary items
- To create a more production and effective work area
- Establish standards to which the whole organization is measured against

6S is Organization

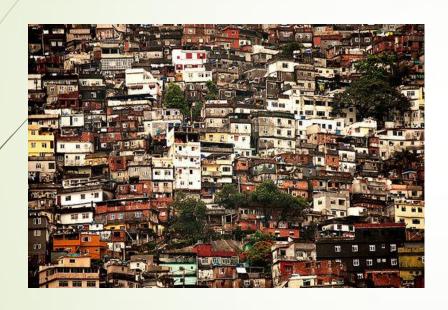


"What do you mean 6\$? I know where everything is!"

ANSWER: If a "visitor" to your work area cannot find what he or she is looking for within 20-30 seconds (hardcopy or electronic), 6S is needed!

Without 6S we cannot establish Standard Work Practices!

First Impressions Are Important





What is Your First Impression?



6S is Visual Systems

- Easy to understand
- Fun to setup
- Works better for all

"We spend 25% of our time in the office searching for things."
"Wings and Jones, LEI, TBM, CMA



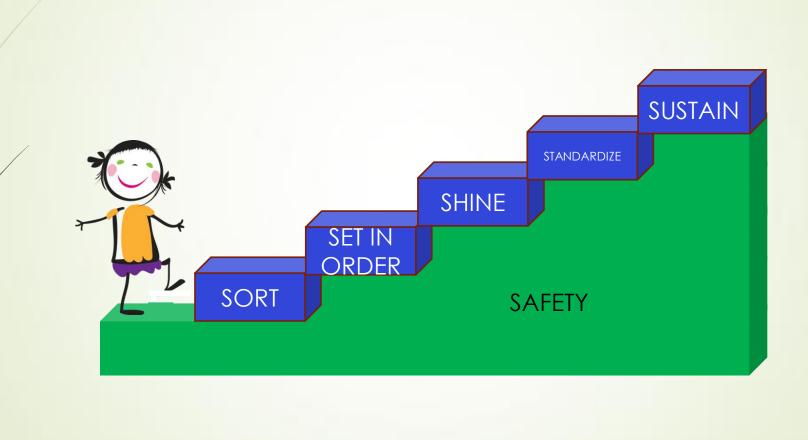


6S is Organization





Safety



Safety

- The foundation of 6S is Safety
- Our obligation is to provide a safe and efficient work environment
- Safety begins with "S," but starts with you





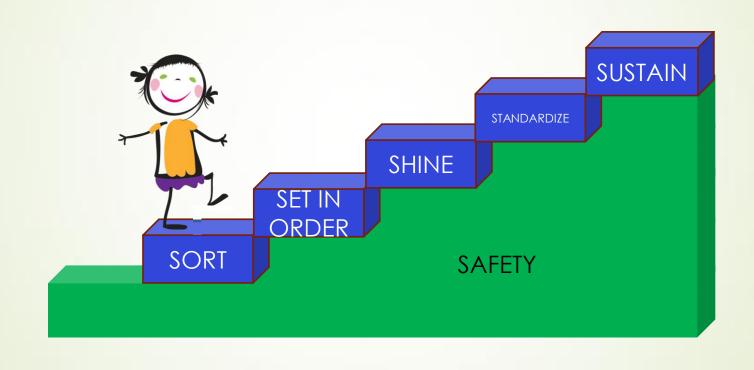
Office Safety



Office Example



Sort



Sort: Definition

- The full meaning of the second S, Sort, is to
 - Sort through everything in the work area
 - Separate the items that are unneeded or in the wrong place
 - Remove those items from the work area



Unneeded equipment, tools, and supplies

Sort: Hints and Benefits

Hints

- Gather garbage bins
- If it's not needed, remove it (red tag)
- Use a "community cart" to isolate items that someone else might be able to use
- "When in doubt, throw it out"



Benefits

- Relieves floor space
- Reduces process times
- Reduces walking distance
- Reveals and removes hazards

Office Example





Sort: Office Example

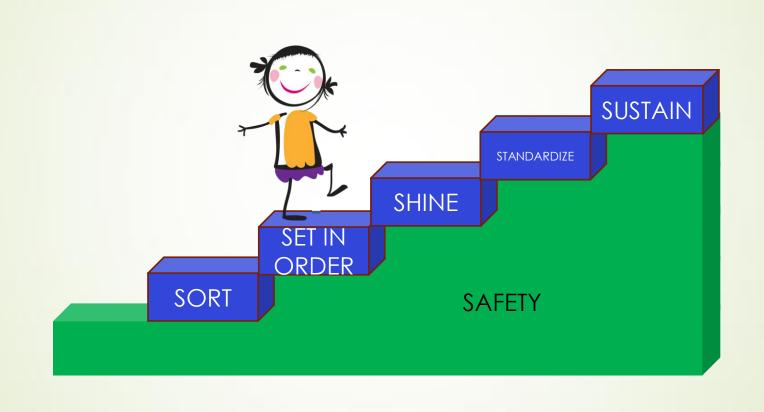




Sort

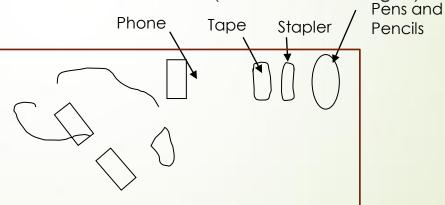


Set in Order



Set in Order: Definition

- The full meaning of the third S, Set in Order, is to
 - Decide and organize where to keep necessary items
 - Organize how they will be kept
 - Make it easy for anyone to find and use them (use colors and signs)
 - Make it obvious when items are not in their correct place



Set in Order: Hints and Benefits

Hints

- Consider the current state as it relates to layout, flow, and ergo
- Find a specific place for everything
- Make it obvious where things belong (use labels)
- "A place for everything, and everything in its place"



Benefits

- Exerts visual control
- Reduces searching time and walking distance
- Creates ergonomically-sound workplace

Set in Order: How To

- Find a "home" for everything
- Clearly identify the item and where it belongs
 - Labels and "addresses"
 - Boundaries & Visual Organization
 - Color Coding
- Labels and "Addresses"
 - Label the container, or the item itself
 - Label the location where it belongs its "address"

OFFICE SUPPLIES





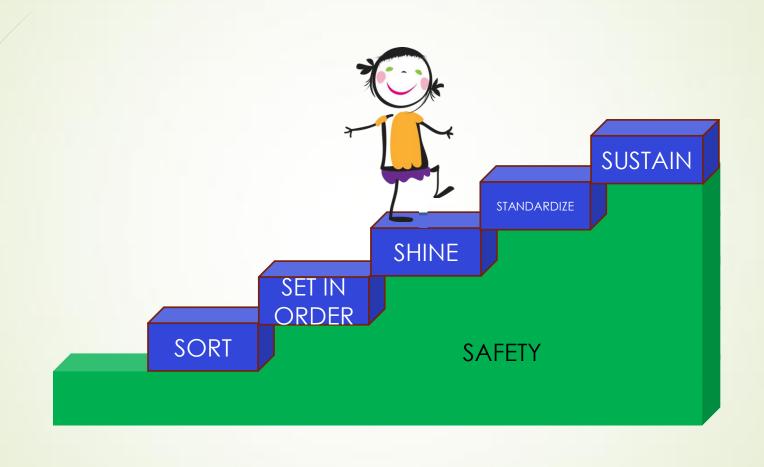


Sample Clinic 6'S





Shine



Shine: Definition

- The full meaning of the fourth S, Shine, is to
 - Clean everything, inside and out
 - Inspect as you clean
 - Find root causes, and work to prevent dirt, grime, and contamination from reoccurring







Shine: Hints and Benefits

- Hints
 - Determine targets and assignments
 - Determine cleaning methods
 - Perform initial cleaning of everything
 - "Great minds think alike" nefits





- Better visual organization
- A more effective and satisfying place to work
- A safer workplace; no tripping hazards

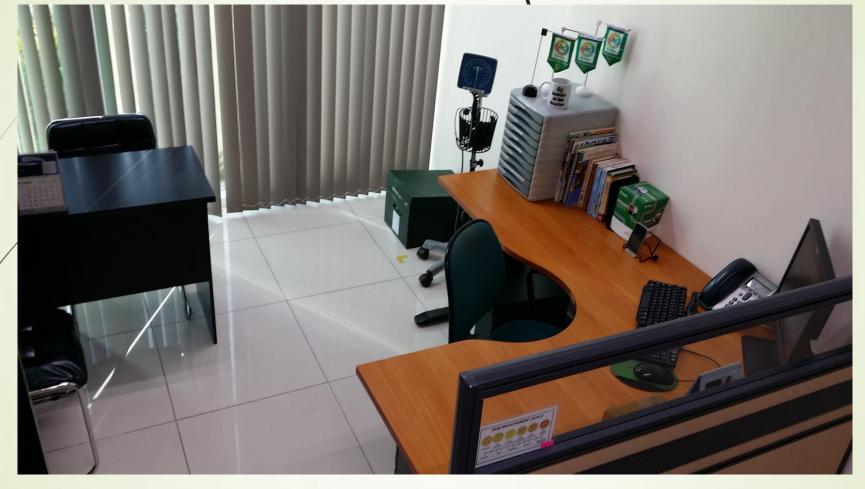


Shine

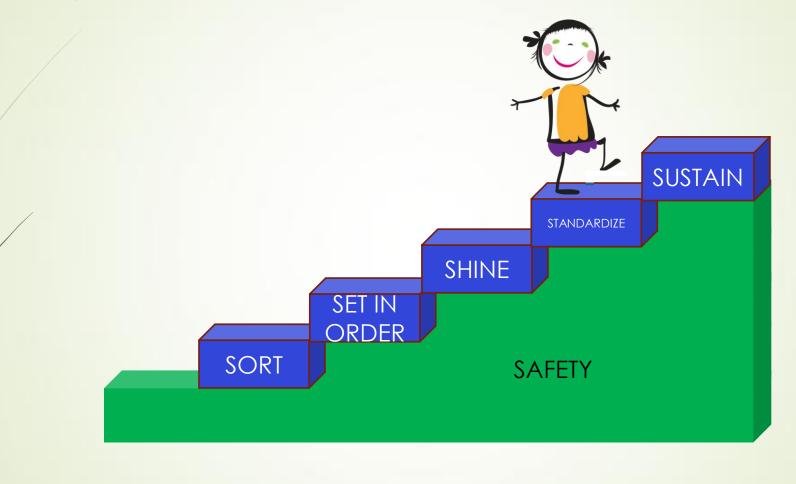


"BARRY IS A FINE EXAMPLE OF THE SUCCESS OF OUR CLEAR DESK POLICY"

Shine in the Office (Littelfuse Clinic)

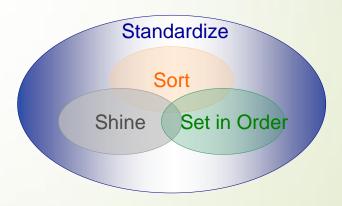


Standardize



Standardize: Definition

- The full meaning of the fifth S, Standardize, is to
 - Institute the best practices of Safety, Sort, Set in Order, and Shine as standards
 - Create a consistent and clear approach to maintain these standards
 - Eliminate reverting to old ways
 - Audits



Standardize: Hints and Benefits

Hints

- Establish guidelines for Safety, Sort, Set in Order, and Shine
- Assign roles & responsibility to whomever owns (works) in the area
- Integrate 6S duties into regular work duties
- "Great minds think alike"



Benefits

- Clutter free, organized, clean, visual, & safe workplace
- 6S roles and responsibilities are straightforward
- Share best practices
- Eliminates unsafe work habits



Standardize

- <u>S</u>tandardize "passing the test"
 - ▶ It should be possible to locate any item in a target area within 30 seconds!!
 - Applies to production and office areas
 - Applies to documentation storage (electronic and paper)
 - Use someone less familiar with the area



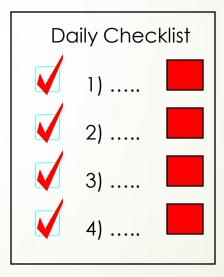
Standardize: How To

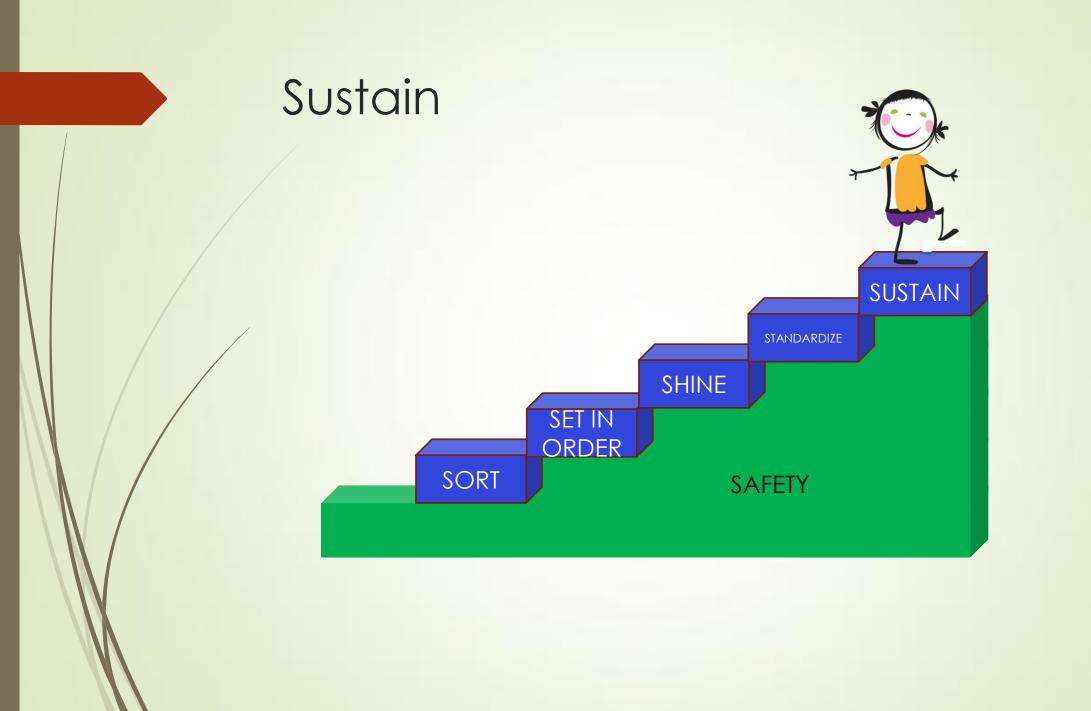
- Standardize
 - Establish height and quantity limits implement basic Pull/Kanban Systems
 - Visibly identify re-order points and maximum allowable quantities
 - "Right size" the storage area (e.g. bins, shelves)
 - Establish replenishment procedures
 - Establish documentation (paper and electronic) storage and retention standards
 - Filing systems

Standardize

- <u>S</u>tandardize
 - Daily, Weekly, Monthly Procedures
 - Visual Checklists
 - Visual Confirmations
 - Visual Aids –

"One Point Lessons"





Sustain: Definition

- The full meaning of the sixth S, Sustain, is to
 - Make a habit of properly maintaining the area
 - Regularly review gains made
 - Commit to continuous improvement



Sustain: Hints and Benefits

Hints

- Support from management
- Making 6S standards part of daily work
- Total employee involvement and ongoing commitment
- Keep on getting better Benefits



- Building a shared vision
- Creating a learning organization
- Development of teamwork
- Efficient processes and better quality
- A consistently safer workplace

Sustain: How To

- <u>S</u>ustain
 - Implement an ongoing recognition program
 - Establish an appropriate frequency (e.g. monthly, quarterly)
 - Establish criteria for recognition (e.g. best cumulative score, most improved)
 - Identify the form(s) of recognition (e.g. "trophies," luncheon)



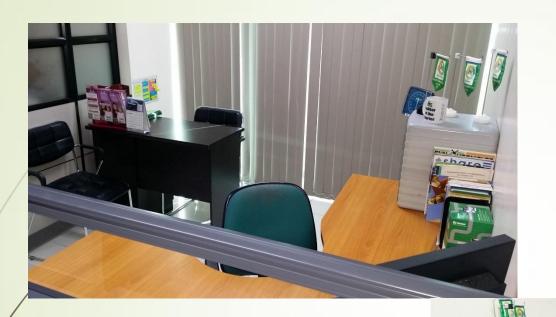
Sustain: 9 Lessons for Making 6S a Habit

- 1. 6S makes our job easier, safer, and faster, and saves the company money. Without 6S, waste will build up and get in our way.
- 2. When in doubt, throw it out.
- 3. A place for everything, and everything in its place.
- 4. Always look for the source of the problem.
- 5. If you do it NOW, there's less to do later.
- 6. Inspect before work, do the 5-Minute 6S.
- 7. Immediately ask WHY when conditions are wrong and keep asking "why" until you know how to solve the issue.
- 8. One picture is worth a thousand words.
- 9. Always remember: NO BLAME.

Sample Clinic 6'S

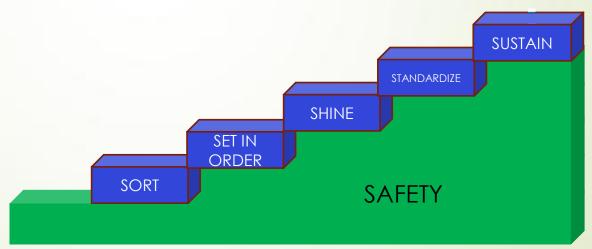


Littelfuse Clinic



6S System

- Safety: serves as the foundation for all others
- Sort: discard everything that is not needed (Seiri)
- <u>Set-in-Order</u>: organize everything that is left (Seiton)
- Shine: clean everything that is left (Seiso)
- <u>Standardize</u>: the first three S's (Seiketsu)
- Sustain: make it a habit (Shitsuke)



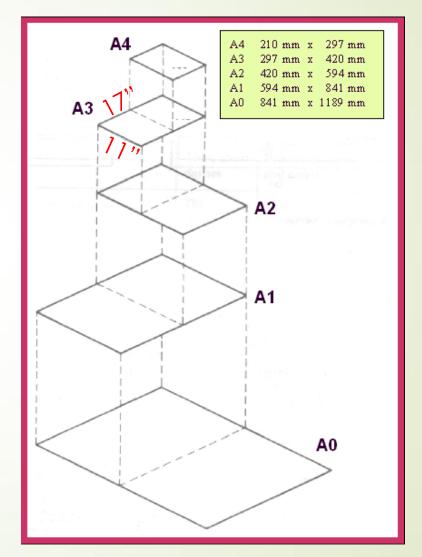
6S Purpose

- Safer, less frustrating work area
- Less non-value-added activity and waste
- Ability to easily notice when things are out of place
- More productive and effective work area
- Shortened time to locate necessary items
- Improved usage of space and equipment
- Reduces the potential for quality problems
- Improve employee engagement and interaction
- Creates a visual factory or work area

A3

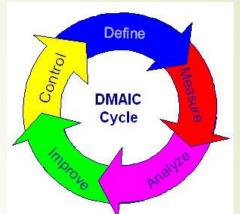
A3 General Information

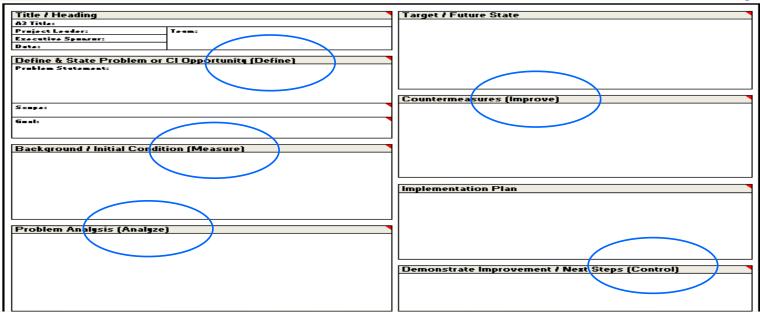
- A3 refers to the size of the paper used
- Purpose: To tell the full Story of an opportunity and how it addressed.
- The benefit to crafting an A3 is not in the single-page document, but in the process of creating it



A3 General Information

- A3s are also called "Story Boards"
- The Littelfuse A3 Process is based on DMAIC
 - Others are based on Deming's "Plan-Do-Check-Act/Adjust" improvement cycle





The A3 Culture

- A culture of continuous improvement
 - Is one where everyone continuously looks for opportunities to improve performance of the processes in which they are involved
- In order to achieve this, people need...
 - A methodology for continuous improvement (CI)
 - Cl efforts aligned with overall business objectives
 - A "helping hand" (mentoring)
 - "Tools" to help them achieve success

The A3 Dialogue

The problem must be well defined. It should answer the following questions: (3W's; 2H's)

- What is the problem? or defect?
- Where is the problem detected?
- When does the problem occurred? Is there a pattern?
- How much? What extent?
- How do you know? Basis?

The collection of necessary facts to understand the problem or issue Going to the gemba – the "actual place"

Interact with team members (all must suggest)

Why Have a Dialogue?

- Coach
- Learn together
- Gain support
- Bring out the best ideas and countermeasures



Great coaching is about sharing not telling

A3 – Step by Step

Title / Heading	Target / Future State
A3 Title:	ranget i ruture otate
Project Leeder: Teem:	-
Executive Spearer:	
Date:	
Date:	
Define & State Problem or Cl Opportunity (Define)	
Problem Statement:	71
	Countermeasures (Improve)
Scape:	1
G==1:	√
	_
Background / Initial Condition (Measure)	<u> </u>
	Implementation Plan
	J
Deables Applesis (Appless)	• I
Problem Analysis (Analyze)	
	Demonstrate Improvement / Next Steps (Control)
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A3 – Step 1: Title / Heading

- Title / Heading
 - A3 Title: A single phrase describing the story
 - Project Leader: Who is the team leader? Who is taking responsibility for the problem or proposal?
 - Team: Who are the team members, what are their roles and responsibilities?
 - Executive Sponsor: Who is the executive sponsor?
 - Date: Date of last revision

Title / Heading	
A3 Title:	
Project Leader:	Team:
Executive Sponsor:	
Date:	

Teams

Why might having a cross-functional team help to solve the problem more effectively?



A3 – Step 2: Define

- Define & State Problem or CI Opportunity (Define)
 - Problem Statement: Creates a sense of ownership, focuses the team, and describes the symptoms in measurable terms
 - Customer focused, data driven, concise
 - Scope: Puts boundaries on the project; it is recommended to note items not included in order to avoid scope creep
 - Goal: Specify desired end state of the project in clear/concise terms

Define & State Problem or Cl Opportunity (Define)			
Problem Statement:			
Scope:	•		
Goal:			

A3 – Step 2: Define

SMART Goals

Specific: Do you know exactly what you want to accomplish with all the details?

Measurable: Can you quantify your progress so you can track it? How will you know when you reach your goal?

Attainable: The best goals require you to stretch a bit to achieve them but they are not impossible to achieve.

Relevant: Is your goal relevant to your purpose?

Time Bound: If you don't have a time limit then there is no urgency to start taking action towards achieving your goals.

A3 – Step 2: Define

SMART Goal

Instead of...

– "I want to write a cookbook."

Use

"I want to write a cookbook called "What's for Dinner?" It will be at least 150 pages in length, and will be completed by July 30th, 2014. I will write at least 1 chapter every month until I complete the book."



Title / Define (EXAMPLE)

Title / Heading

A3 Title:

APE Leadtime Improvement

Project Leader: Bernadette Calosa

Date: Sep 4-7, 2012

Team:

Lito Tenorio (Prod. Engineer-PICO), Alvin Salvador(Lean Leader-PICO), Ferdinand Pedrozo(Prod. Engineer-PICO), Kriscela Panganiban(Nurse-ADMIN), Imelda Gagui(Prod. Engineer-TFF), Jaymee Solomon (EHS Engr.-FAC), Julius

Virtucio(Prod. Engineer-TR/TE), Medel Salazar(Prod. Engineer-TR/TE), Howel

Mugot(Prod. Engineer-TFF), Josephine Tablada(Prod. Manager)

Define & State Problem or CI Opportunity (Define)

Problem Statement:

An average of 4.3 hours was spent by associate before the completion of APE resulting to production lost (See Table 1). This is way above the ideal processing time of 45 minutes per associate.

Product line	Plan	Actual	Adherence
PICO	900000	535400	59%
BARRIER	30000	16500	55%
SMF	25000	17000	68%

Table 1. Adherence rate of Pico. Barrier, and SMF affected by APE (Sept 03, 2012)

Scope:

This improvement will cover APE of Pico associates.

Goal:

To achieve the ideal APE processing time of 45 minutes per associate

Title / Define (EXAMPLE 2)

Title / Heading

A3 Title: LF Employee Wellness Program

Project Leader: B.Calosa

Executive Sponsor: Z. Salialam

Date: 30-Apr-14

Team: Maritess Angeles; Ma. Kriscela Panganiban; Aaron Kelvin Rianzares; Rafael Casacop Jr.;

Celeste Tacla; Cherry Malabanan

Define & State Problem or CI Opportunity (Define)

Problem Statement:

Last annual physical examination 2013 shows that 42% (533/1424) of the population are overweight/obese which could lead to some illnesses like hypertension, heart disease, increase cholesterol level.

Scope:

The project will cover overweight and obese associates

Goal:

To establish a program for obese and overweight and to involve at least 2% (30pax) of the plant population by the end of May 2014.

Breakout Exercise 1

- Practice Creating an A3 Steps 1 and 2
 - Individually:
 - Identify a problem
 - It does not have to be work related
 - Can be a past problem that has been resolved
 - **■** Fill out
 - Title / Heading
 - Define & State the Problem (includes Scope and Goal)
 - Time:
 - Individually create: 5 minutes
 - Share with class (volunteer basis): 10 minutes

A3 – Step 3: Measure Background / Initial Condition (Measure)

- - List the current conditions and a clear definition of the problem using available data
 - Go to the "gemba" (actual place) to observe and to collect data
 - Use graphical techniques, charts (Pareto, Run, Histograms), drawings, photographs
 - Take pictures and video as needed
 - It is completely acceptable to create graphs by hand

Background / Initial Condition (Measure)	

A3 – Step 3: Measure

- "Background / Initial Condition" Dos and Don'ts
 - Always go to the gemba ("actual place")
 - Take the time to gather necessary information
 - Must observe current conditions



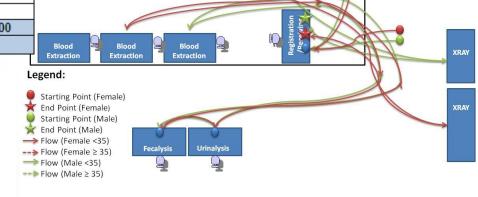
- The problem or issue is at the gemba; perhaps the solution is, too!
- Take pictures and video as needed
- Always tie in with business objectives
- Understand and communicate the scale of the problem

Background / Initial Condition

Background / Initial Condition (Measure)

		Proce	ssing Time	
Process Steps	Male (<35)	Male (≥35)	Female (<35)	Female (≥35)
Registration	2	2	2	2
Vital Signs	5	5	5	5
Blood Extraction	40	40	40	40
Urinalysis/Fecalysis	5	5	5	5
Pap Smear	-	-	-	120
PE	60	60	90	-
ECG	-	90	-	90
X-ray	70	70	90	90
TOTAL (mins)	182.00	272.00	232.00	352.00
Average	259.50			
			•	

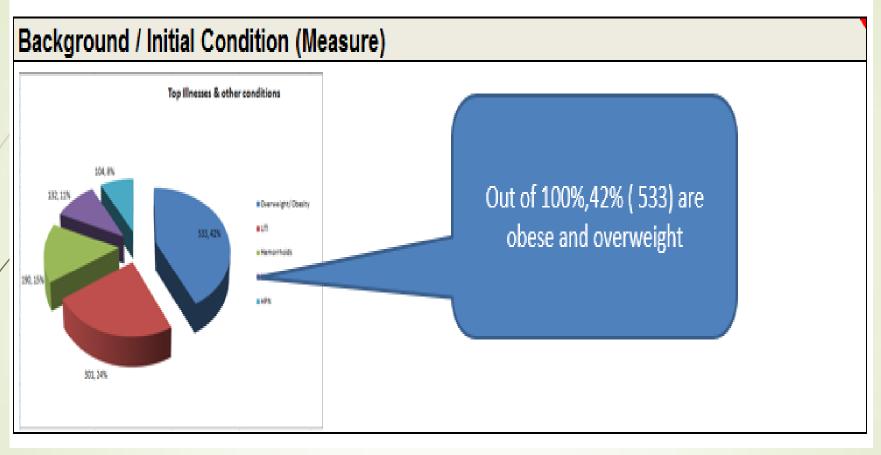
Base on the above table, average APE processing time is about 259.5 minutes per associate using the current layout.



PE (Male)

Figure 1. Current APE Layout & Spaghetti Diagram

Background / Initial Condition (Measure) (example 2)



Breakout Exercise 2

- Practice Creating an A3 Steps 3
 - Individually:
 - Fill out
 - Background / Initial Condition
 - Use charts and graphs as needed (hand drawn is fine)
 - Time:
 - Create: 5 minutes
 - ► Share with class (volunteer basis): 5 minutes

A3 – Step 4: Analyze

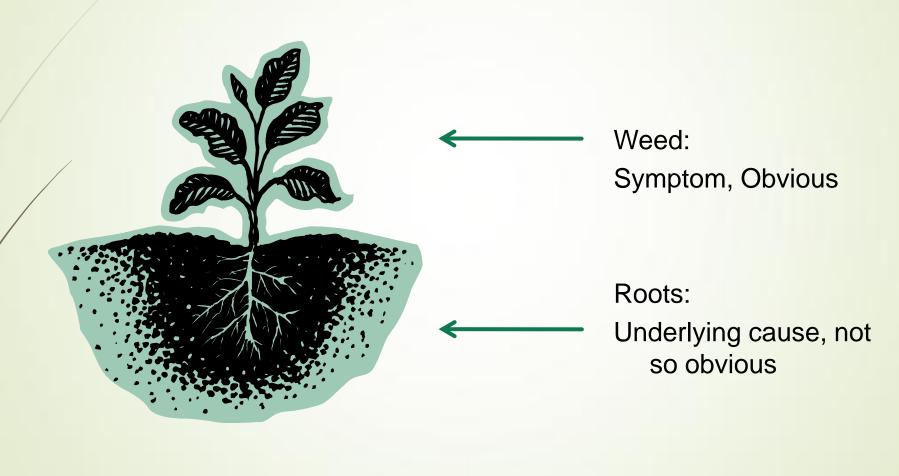
- Problem Analysis (Analyze)
 - Analyze the current situation
 - Identify "root cause(s)" of the problem or issue
 - Utilize the "5 Whys"
 - Generate Cause & Effect diagram(s) as necessary
 - Provide results of any experiments to prove or disprove theory



Problem Analysis (Analyze)		

A3 – Step 4: Analyze

Why ask why?



A3 – Step 4: Analyze

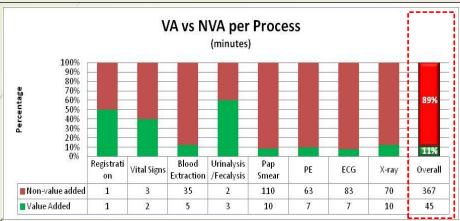
Do not look where you fell, look where you slipped.

African Proverb



Problem Analysis (Analyze) (example)

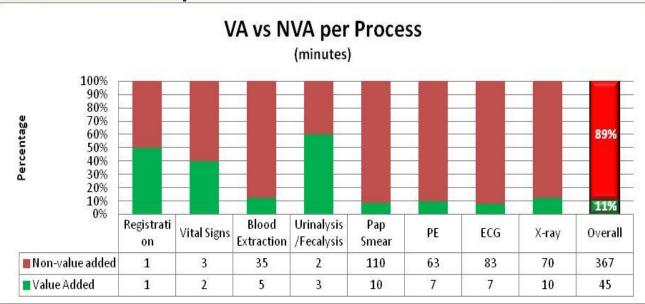
Problem Analysis (Analyze)



Each process had been analyzed to determine the time spent for value added activities. Analysis result shows that only 11% of the time was spent for the value added activities while 89% of the time for the non-value added activities which are mostly contributed by WAITING.

PROBLEM	WHY 1	WHY 2	WHY 3	WHY 4
WAITING	long queue of associate per process	Long queue was due to large number of associates that take APE at the same time	Aside from other associates did not follow their schedule of APE, there is no such specific instruction to associate regarding the limits of person that could be accomodated	No clear coordination between nurses and production engineers regarding the strategy to have smooth flow of APE that would be relayed to associates
		Step by step processes was not being followed religiously	Layout is not error-proof. Every process is open to accommodate any associate whenever they wanted	The actual layout was not aligned with the sequence of process added with poor visual management

computation



i.e. 367 + 45 = 412 (total time)

for non-value added: (367/412) x 100 = 89%

for value added: (45/412) x 100 = 11%

Problem Analysis (Analyze) (example 2)

Problem Analysis	(Analyze)			
Why 1	Why 2	Why 3	Why 4	Why 5
	personal preferences			
Due to food choices/ eating habits	personal budget constraints	limited allocation of the budget		
	depends on the available/ serve food	no define meal plan	lack of awareness on proper nutrition	no establish program for nutrition
Inactive lifestyle of	personal			
associates	preferences			

Breakout Exercise 3

- Practice Creating an A3 Step 4
 - Individually:
 - Fill out
 - Problem Analysis (Analyze)
 - Use 5 why's
 - Time:
 - Create: 5 minutes
 - ► Share with class (volunteer basis): 5 minutes

A3 – Step 5: Target / Future State Target / Future State

- - What are the desired outcomes?
 - Be specific
 - Note the "gaps" with the current conditions
 - SMART goals
 - Specific, Measurable, Attainable, Relevant, Time-bound
 - Consider layout, flow, etc.

Target / Future State		

Key Questions

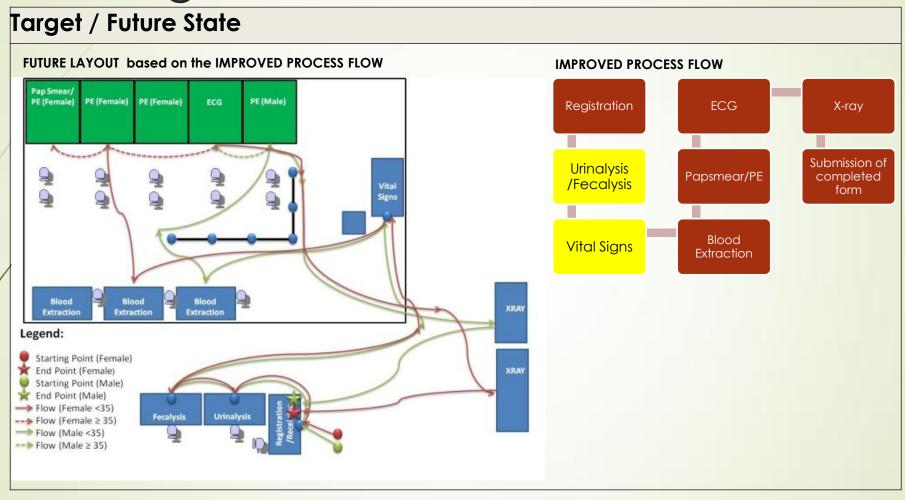
- Have you identified the real problem?
- Can you show the gap between the target and the current condition?
- Did you go to the gemba, observe, and talk to the people who do the work and fully grasp the whole situation?
- Did you clarify business objectives?

What is the gap?



From Managing to Learn, John Shook

Target / Future State



Taraet / Future State (example 2)

Target / Future State

To establish a program for obese and overweight by the end of May 2014

To provide awareness on food choices; proper nutrition.

To reduce / lessen lifestyle related illnessess (hypertension;diabetes, etc)

To encourage involvement of associates of at least 2% by the end of May 2014

Breakout Exercise 4

- Practice Creating an A3 Step 5
 - Individually:
 - Fill out
 - Target / Future State
 - Use charts and graphs as needed (hand drawn is fine)
 - Time:
 - Create: 5 minutes
 - ► Share with class (volunteer basis): 5 minutes

A3 – Step 6: Improve Countermeasures (Improve)

- - Identify proposed countermeasures that address root cause(s)
 - Determine short-term actions to verify effectiveness of proposed countermeasures
 - Determine long-term actions to address root cause(s) or to reach a "future state"
 - Anticipate barriers; consider contingency plans

Countermeasures (Improve)



Countermeasures (Improve) (

Countermeasures (Improve)

Identified Root Causes No clear coordination between nurses and production engineers regarding the strategy to have smooth flow of APE that would be relayed to associates I. Conducted Production E Nurses, EHS and Manager the APE production E Nurses (EHS) and Manager th

Countermeasure

- Conducted meeting of Production Engineers, Nurses, EHS, Lean Team and Manager to strategize the APE process flow.
 Implemented and
- Implemented and communicated properly to associates the improved process flow by production engineers.
- (10 associates will take the APE at a time. Nurses will give notice to production engineers for the succeeding associates through 2-way radio)

The actual layout was not aligned with the sequence of process added with poor visual management

- Studied the current layout against the process flow.
- Conducted relayout base on the improved process flow
- Provided barriers and labels to have guide in following the process steps.



Figure 3. Actual
APE after
implementing
improved
process flow and
layout



Figure 2. Actual layout after moving out the table for registration from CI room to Urinalysis/
Fecalysis area

Countermeasures (Improve) (example 2)

Countermeasures (Improve)

Issue/Problem	Action Item						
	Establish a program for the proper nutrition						
	1. OPL release relate to:						
	More fruit juices on Monday						
	No Junk foods on Wednesday						
No define program on Nutrition	No red meat on Friday						
	2.Roadshow activity had been held						
	prior to Nutrition Club Program						
	3. Establish a Nutrition Club						

Breakout Exercise 5

- Practice Creating an A3 Step 6
 - Individually:
 - Fill out:
 - Countermeasures (Improve)
 - What needs to be done in order to fill in the identified gaps?
 - Use charts and graphs as needed (hand drawn is fine)
 - Time:
 - Create: 5 minutes
 - ► Share with class (volunteer basis): 5 minutes



A3 – Step 7: Implementation Plan Implementation Plan

- - Identify all actions necessary to implement the countermeasures
 - Short and long term
 - Develop an Action Plan (What? Who? When?)



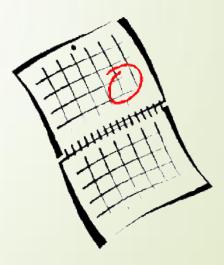
- Action Items Person in Charge Start Date Due Date Status
- Experiment
 - It's acceptable and encouraged!



nplementation Plan		,

A3 – Step 7: Implementation Plan

- "Implementation Plan" Dos and Don'ts
 - Identify all actions necessary, even when it is "early" in the story
 - Think ahead instead of jumping ahead
 - Involve others in the implementation
 - Greater rate of success
 - Promotes a commitment to succeed
 - Determine a review schedule and stick to it

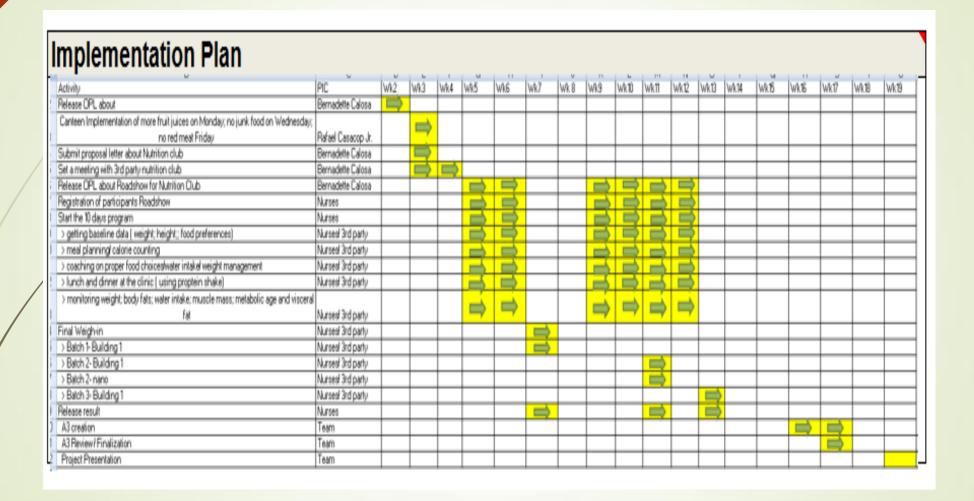


Implementation Plan

Countermeasures (Improve)

Item No.	Action Items	Person In-charge	Target Date	Actual Date	Remarks
1	Conduct Meeting	B. Calosa	4-Sep	4-Sep	Done
2	Process Simulation(Current Process Flow)	Team	4-Sep	4-Sep	Done
/ 3	Relayout	Team	4-Sep	4-Sep	Done
4	Process Simulation(Improved Process Flow)	Team	4-Sep	4-Sep	Done
5	Information Dessimination	Production Engineers	4-Sep	4-Sep	Done
6	Pilot Run	Team	4-Sep	4-Sep	Done
7	Validation of Improved process flow	Team	7-Sep	7-Sep	Done

Implementation Plan



Breakout Exercise 6

- Practice Creating an A3 Step 7
 - Individually:
 - Fill out
 - Implementation Plan
 - Use charts and graphs as needed (hand drawn is fine)
 - Time:
 - Create: 5 minutes
 - ► Share with class (volunteer basis): 5 minutes

A3 – Step 8: Control Demonstrate Improvement / Next Steps (Control)

- - Sometimes a problem cannot be permanently resolved
 - Countermeasures put in place to reduce the likelihood that the problem reoccurs may be the best that can be achieved
 - Some countermeasures may create new problems
 - Countermeasures are subject to change as new circumstances arise



The key is to put methods in place to identify when circumstances have changed

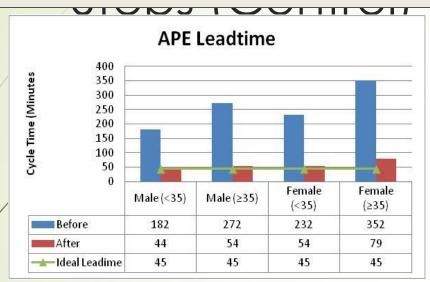
A3 – Step 8: Control Demonstrate Improvement / Next Steps (Control) Dos and Don'ts

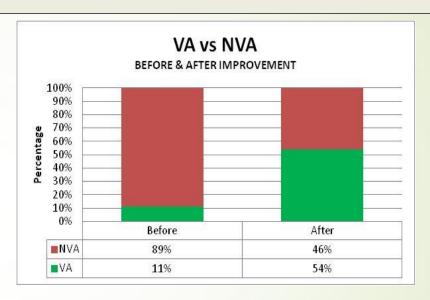
- - Don't shortcut the process (i.e., do not overlook this step)
 - Do identify systematic ways to prevent setback
 - Bad: "We'll train everyone"
 - Good: "This is now part of our standard work"
 - Don't cave in to resistance
 - Show your success



Demonstrate Improvement / Next

Countermeasures (Improve)





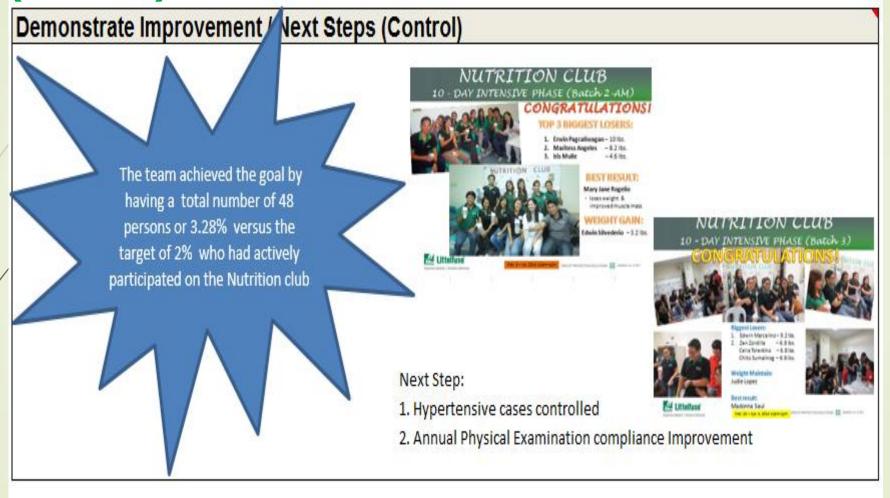
Improvements:

- 1. Average Leadtime of APE was reduced from 259.5 minutes to 57.75 minutes per associate.
- 2. Non-value added activity which is mostly contributed by WAITING was decreased from 89% to 46% of the total leadtime.

Next Step:

Implement defined improvements on the next APE.

Demonstrate Improvement / Next Steps (Control)



Breakout Exercise 7

- Practice Creating an A3 Step 8
 - Individually:
 - Fill out
 - Demonstrate Improvement / Next Steps (Control)
 - Use charts and graphs as needed (hand drawn is fine)
 - Time:
 - Create: 5 minutes
 - ► Share with class (volunteer basis): 5 minutes

The A3 Improvement Process Final Dos and Don'ts of A3 Writing

- - Storytelling in succinct ways takes practice
 - Use brief statements, not sentences
 - Use visual techniques to convey messages



"A picture is worth a thousand words"

- Use the document and the process. It works!
 - To solve complex problems
 - To achieve agreement and commitment
 - To effectively and efficiently communicate
 - To capture knowledge for future reference

Title / Heading

Date: #####

A3 Titl LF Employee Wellners Program

Project Leade B.Calara

Executive Sps 2. Saliala Biannarro; Bafarl Cananap Jr.; Celoule Taula; Cherry Halabanan

Define & State Problem or Cl Opportunity (Define)

Problem Statement

Lart annual physical examination 2013 show that 42% (533/1424) of the population are overweight/obere which could lead to some illnesses like hypertension, heart disease, increase cholesterol level.

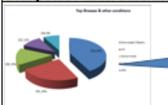
Scape:

The project will cover overweight and obere arraciator

Geal:

In artablish a program for obese and overseight and to involve at least 2% (
30eax) of the plant population by the end of May 2014.

Background / Initial Condition (Measure)



Out of 100%,42% (533) are obese and overweight

Problem Analysis (Analyze)

Why 1	Why 2	Why 3	Why 4	Why 5
Due to food	personal preferences	, 5	,	, 5
choices/ eating habits	personal budget constraints	limited allocation of the budget		
	depends on the		lack of awareness	no establish
	available/ serve food	no define meal plan	on proper nutrition	program for nutrition
Inactive lifestyle of	personal			
associates	preferences			

Target / Future State

To establish a program for obese and overseight by the end of May 2014 To provide awareness on food choices; proper nutrition.

To reduce / leones lifeolyle celaled illocorou | hyperleoniou;diabeleo, elo]

To recoverage involvement of accessiates of all teact 2X by the end of May 2014.

Countermeasures (Improve)

Issue/Problem	Action Item
N-46	Establish a program for the proper nutrition
	1. OPL release relate to:
	More fruit juices on Monday
	No Junk foods on Wednesday
No define program on Nutrition	No red meat on Friday
	2.Roadshow activity had been held
	prior to Nutrition Club Program
	3. Establish a Nutrition Club

Implementation Plan																		
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Demonstrate Improvemát / Next Steps (Control)

The team achieved the goal by having a total number of 48 persons or 3.28% werens the target of 2% who had actively participated on the Natrition club CONCRAPTALATZONAS

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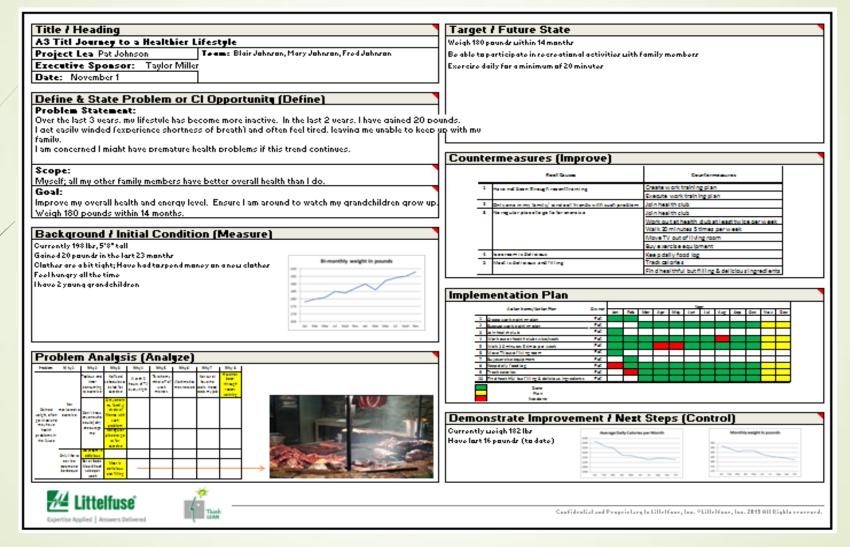
1. Hapertraniar azara analealled

2. Annual Physical Enamination compliance Improvement





A3 Example – A Healthier Lifestyle



Questions



WHATEVER you do, WORK at it with all as working for the NOT for men, since you know THAT YOU WILL RECEIVE an INHERITANCE as a reward. It is the

The happiest people may not have the best, but they make the best of everything.

Let us live simply, love generously, forgive without condition, care deeply, speak kindly & live uprightly.